

# 2011 Biology Standard Grade – General Finalised Marking Instructions

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# Standard Grade Biology 2011 - Additional marking notes

Please use these notes alongside the finalised 'MARKING INSTRUCTIONS'

# Markers' Meeting

**Do** take clear notes of all decisions taken and use them in your marking.

**Do** bring up reasonable different interpretations of a question which may lead to different acceptable answers.

**Do** provide other responses illustrating good biology.

**Do** only bring up alternative responses you have actually seen.

**Do** try to form an idea of the minimal acceptable answer based on the marking instructions and any discussion.

**Do not** bring up obviously different ways of saying the same thing.

**Do not** bring up repeated examples of clearly incorrect answers.

**Do not** raise issues not directly concerning the marking instructions – put them in your report.

# **During marking**

# There are no half marks.

In the marking instructions, if a word is <u>underlined</u> then it is essential; (bracketed) then it is not essential.

Answers separated by / are alternatives.

**Negation**. A correct answer can sometimes fail to gain the mark if it is negated. This happens when:

An extra **incorrect answer** is given together with the correct one.

Additional incorrect information is given which contradicts the correct answer, demonstrating a misunderstanding of the question. (Additional unrequired information will not negate a correct answer if it does not contradict that answer).

**Do** accept chemical formulae instead of chemical names.

**Do** accept subscript, superscript and normal script when used to identify generations in genetic crosses.

**Do** accept incorrect spelling if it looks or sounds reasonably correct – unless it could be confused with another biological term or is an amalgam of two or more words.

**Do** try to make a decision if you see a response not discussed at the markers' meeting. Make a note of your decision and use it if the same response is seen again.

**Do** put 0 in **every** mark box where zero marks have been awarded.

Do check the totalling of the script marks carefully.

**Do not** make any written comments on the scripts. Use ticks, crosses, underlining, etc to indicate marking decisions.

# Referring scripts

Refer scripts to the Principal Assessor (*PA Referral*) only in extreme cases of indecision over an answer. A relevant referral form must be completed and included with the script. The script should be labelled *PA Referral*.

Refer scripts for Special Attention (M) if there is suspected malpractice or offensive remarks on the script. A report should be written on a separate piece of paper and included with the scripts. The script packet should be labelled **Special Attention** (M).

# STANDARD GRADE BIOLOGY – 2011 GENERAL LEVEL MARKING INSTRUCTIONS

Qu	Acceptable answer	Mark	Unacceptable answer
1 (a) (i)	The transfer / movement / flow / direction of energy / which way the energy is going	1	
(ii)	Plants / green plants	1	
(iii)	Foxes, owls, kestrels, stoats any two =	1	
(iv)	plants insects spiders toads foxes /		
	plants insects spiders toads owls	1	
4.			NAC .
(b)	movement / heat / undigested material <b>or</b> example / movement of animals from area / faeces / uneaten material / removal of an organism	1	Waste Maintaining body temperature Warmth
			T Carrier
(c) (i)	F	1	
(ii)	В	1	
(iii)	A	1	
. ,			

Qu	Acceptable answer	Mark	Abbreviations Less than 22 spots instead of '7 spots'
2 (a)	cream streaked ladybird  7 spots  7 spotted ladybird  4 correct = 3 2 / 3 correct = 2 1 correct = 1	3	
(b)	22 spotted ladybird	1	Partial answer
(c)	The colour of the wing case / 7 spotted ladybird has a red wing case and the cream streaked ladybird has a yellow wing case. Both parts of this statement needed	1	Its colour / Wing colour / Case colour One has and the other has
(d)	22 spots	1	The number of spots

Qu			Acceptable answer	Mark	Unacceptable answer	
3 (a)	А		(Answer must imply selection process) controls movement of materials / substances / things into and out of (the cell) / controls what goes in and out / controls entry and exit from cells			Allows Controls diffusion
	В	cell wall		3 correct = 2 1 / 2 correct = 1	2	
	С		contains hereditary / genetic information <b>or</b> controls cell (activities / actions <b>or</b> reactions / functions) (what happens in cell) <b>or</b> controls mitosis			The control centre Contains information Contains chromosomes / genes
				1		
(b)	cell wa	all / vacuole / chlo	roplast	any one =	1	
(c)	Stains	3			1	any named stain Dyes (are used to stain cells)

Qu	Acceptable answer	Mark	Unacceptable answer
4 (a)	incisors molars / premolars  carnassials / molars / premolars  3 correct = 2 1 / 2 correct = 1	2	
(b)	mouth large intestine oesophagus rectum small intestine small intestine stomach (Additional lines – lose one mark each)	2	
(c)	large surface area / long / folded (surface) / villi (equivalents)  thin lining / walls  good blood supply / rich blood supply  enzyme secretory glands / enzyme secretory cells / produces (digestive) enzymes / produces digestive juices	2	One cell thick / thin / one cell thick walls / membrane is selectively permeable

Qu	Acceptable answer	Mark	Unacceptable answer
5 (a)	12	1	
(b)	Daisies Fewer daisies  Plantains No effect / difference / population stays roughly the same / no real char	1 1 nge 1	Kills a lot of daisies Reduction in distribution of daisies Volume <b>or</b> amount of daisies Limits the growth of daisies Reduced number of daisies closer to shortcut Number of plantains in 20's for all five
(c)	Make the result(s) (more) reliable / To reduce the effect of atypical result(s) / One resucceed by atypical	ılt 1	To make it / the investigation more reliable  Accurate / valid – negates

Qu	Acceptable answer	Mark	Unacceptable answer
6 (a)	It / (something that) speeds up a <u>chemical reaction</u> without being altered / and left unchanged / and not used up / and can be used over and over again (Both parts needed)	1	not used in the reaction
(b)	protein / amino acids	1	
(c)	Phosphorylase Starch / potato phosphorylase	1	Glucose – 1 – phosphorylase

Qu	Acceptable answer	Mark	Unacceptable answer
6 (d) (i)	Percentage of starch converted to maltose  40  20  20  20  20  20  20  20  20  20	1 1 1	Partial label / changed label  Line from 10 – 11 showing daylight
(ii)	3 10 11 all correct =	1	
(iii)	Breakdown of starch / activity / percentage convention / increases up to (pH) 6 then decreases (Activity increases (to an optimum) then decreases = 1) (increased then decreased = 1)	1	Decreases and denatures
(iv)	temperature / concentration of substrate concentration of starch	1	Concentration of enzyme / Volume of substrate / Heat / light intensity

Qu	Acceptable answer	Unacceptable answer		
7 (a) (i)	36	1		
(ii)	Repeat	1	Do more tests / use more pieces of bone	
(iii)	minerals / calcium phosphate hard <b>or</b> solid minerals	1	calcium / phosphorus	
(b)	protection (of internal organs) (named organ)	1	Produce blood cells / Calcium store	
(c) (i)	В	1		
(ii)	Tendon	1		

Qu	Acceptable answer	Mark	Unacceptable answer
8 (a) (i)	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		<sub>1</sub> F / <sub>2</sub> F / P <sub>1</sub>
	F <sub>2</sub> (Accept superscripts <b>or</b> normal script) all corre	ct = 1	
(ii)	X Horns		
	No horns to		
	No horns Horns any one correct Or more than Or more than one correct Or more than Or	= 1 rect	
(iii)	Horns	1	
(b)	25	1	

Qu	Acceptable answer	Mark	Unacceptable answer
9 (a) (i)	10 17 16 8 4 corre 2 / 3 corre		
(ii)	51 <b>or</b> correct total of incorrect numbers in table (Part (i))	1	
(iii)	221 to 260 <b>or</b> 260 to 221	1	Additional incorrect answers
(b)	eye colour / blood group / blood type / right or left handedness / tongue rolling / hair col ear lobes / sex / gender / dimples / freckles	our /	Tattoos / Shoe size
(c)	A group of animals with similar appearances which live in an isolated habitat  A group of animals which show variation and can breed to produce fertile offspring  A group of animals which look similar and which can mate with each other	1	

Qu	Acceptable answer		Mark	Unacceptable answer	
10 (a)	Pathogens		1		
(b)	Vaccination programmes Public health improvements Increasing availability of antibiotics	3 correct = 2 1 / 2 correct = 1	2	Vaccination only Availability of antibiotics / more antibiotics Answers not relating to information in passage	
(c)	(It is) resistant to antibiotics (It is) resistant to most / some antibiotics Resistance to antibiotics / growing a resistance to Evolving to become resistant to antibiotics  Look for resistant or resistance		1	immune to antibiotics Resisting antibiotics / Evolving to resist antibiotics	
(d)	neutrophils macrophages dendritic (cells)	3 correct =	1		
(e)	It has a memory / it remembers (the pathogen / micro-organism / it)		1	Recognises pathogen	
(f)	Immune cells target / destroy our own (body) cells		1	Target wrong body cells	

Qu	Acceptable answer						Mark	Unacceptable answer
11 (a) (i)					mm after numbers	do not pogato		
	left atrium 3			mm after numbers do not negate				
	right atrium	2	2					
	left ventricle	1	8					
	right ventricle	4	·5		(Rows	all rows correct = 2 2 / 3 rows correct = 1 can be in a different order)	2	
(ii)	1:4				(110110		1	
(b)	Blood goes from the rig atrium to the left atrium			~	right ventricle	Re-write of whole sentence with correction	1	
	Blood from the <u>body</u> en right atrium	ters the	<b>√</b>			Correction	1	
	The heart muscle obtain blood supply from the variation			✓	coronary artery		1	First branch of aorta
(c) (i)	A and C (either order)					both correct =	1	
(ii)	To stop blood flowing backwards / To maintain blood flow in the right / correct direction To prevent backflow / To stop blood going in wrong / incorrect direction						1	Stop blood flowing back into heart To keep blood going one way
(d)	Artery						1	Named artery

Qu	Acceptable answer	Mark	Unacceptable answer
12 (a) (i)	2 ½ / 2·5	1	
(ii)	carbon dioxide / CO <sub>2</sub>	1	
(iii)	Mass / amount of yeast / volume / type / concentration / quantity temperature / time left for / amount of time left for  Any two, 1 mark each	2	O <sub>2</sub> concentration / pH / number of yeast / volume of water Time / investigation time / Amount of time / Kneading of dough
(iv)	To show the increase in / rising volume of / the dough was caused by the live yeast OR To allow a comparison (with beaker A / live yeast) OR To show only live yeast can respire	1	To show what happens without yeast To show yeast is responsible for reaction As a control To confirm live yeast is required
(b)	(Single celled) Fungus	1	Single celled
(c)	(Making) beer / wine / spirits (Accept named example) / alcohol / cider / brewing / flavouring	1	Use of brand names Bear
(d)	Fermentation / anaerobic respiration Lactic acid fermentation	1	Curdling Lactic fermentation

Qu	Acceptable answer	Mark	Unacceptable answer
13 (a) (i)	Stain removed (%)  Or Percentage of stain removed  Or Whizzo Spotless Purity Cleano Energise non-bio non-bio bio Name and type of detergent  Name and type of detergent  y axis label = y axis scale (100 plus minimum of one other value) = Correct drawing of all bars = (Bars must have accurate straight tops) Bar width unimportant	1	
(ii)	Biological detergents work best / remove stains / clean better (than non-biological)  or converse  Comparison needed		
	No detergent removes all stain Detergents vary in their effectiveness / some biologicals work better than others Every detergent removes some stain  Any two, 1 mark each	2	All detergents show a reaction Quoting actual results removes stains better than the others most effective / least effective
(b)	enzymes bacteria Both correct =	1	

Qu	Acceptable answer	Mark	Unacceptable answer
(c) (i)	correct divisions (any order) correct labels divisions with labels in correct divisions with labels	: 1 t   t	Bits of pie chart 'unused'
(ii)	gene / chromosomal material / DNA / chromosome part eg like insulin gene	1	Plasmids / chromosomes / allele Genetic information / Part of nucleus (Plasmids does not negate)

Qu	Acceptable answer	Mark	Unacceptable answer
14 (a) (i)	(The higher the flow rate), the higher the number of salmon caught <b>or</b> converse There are more salmon caught In 2007, number of salmon caught was highest (comparative needed)	1	Lots of salmon are caught / In 2007, high number of salmon caught
(ii)	900	1	
(iii)	13 / 14 / 15	1	12.5
(b)	Rhythmical (behaviour)	1	Seasonal behaviour Rhythmic behaviour
(c) (i)	Fertilisation	1	
(ii)	yolk / yolk sac / egg yolk	1	Food sac / Food stored in egg
(ii)		1	

Acceptable answer	Mark	Unacceptable answer
carbon dioxide / CO <sub>2</sub>	1	
Chlorophyll	1	Chloroplasts
Starch	1	
They don't contain chlorophyll / They don't receive light / sunlight / sunshine No chloroplasts	1	They can't photosynthesise / They are underground / Not enough CO <sub>2</sub> getting to roots
Phloem	1	
Xylem	1	
stomata / stoma stomatal pores	1	Guard cells Pores
	carbon dioxide / CO <sub>2</sub>	carbon dioxide / CO₂

[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]